1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
2	1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2019)
3	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
4	SENATE BILL NO. 252 By: Thompson of the Senate
5	and
6	Kannady and Blancett of the House
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9	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
10	An Act relating to conditions of release of arrested persons; amending 22 O.S. 2011, Sections 1101, 1105,
11	1105.2, as amended by Section 1, Chapter 59, O.S.L. 2016, 1105.3, as last amended by Section 1, Chapter
12	2, O.S.L. 2018, 1106, 1108.1, 1109 and 1110 (22 O.S. Supp. 2018, Sections 1105.2 and 1105.3), which relate
13	to bail and the Pretrial Release Act; modifying exceptions for eligibility for bail; modifying
14	requirements for determination of denial of release; modifying information required to be considered by
15	court before determining conditions of release; authorizing court to consider recommendations of
16	pretrial service provider; deleting rebuttable presumption related to persons arrested for certain
17	offenses; requiring initial appearance within certain time period; authorizing continuance under certain
18	circumstances; authorizing appointment of counsel under certain circumstances; authorizing presentation
19	of certain evidence in certain proceeding; requiring persons charged with certain offenses to be released
20	on personal recognizance; providing exceptions; authorizing reopening of certain hearing; requiring
21	least restrictive conditions on release; modifying requirements for certain pretrial bail schedule;
22	<pre>modifying certain eligibility exceptions; requiring discharge of certain defendants; modifying penalties</pre>
23	for failure to appear after release; conforming language; updating statutory references; making
24	language gender neutral; amending 59 O.S. 2011,

1 Sections 1334 and 1335, which relate to personal recognizance; conforming language; making language gender neutral; and providing an effective date. 2 3 4 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA: SECTION 1. 22 O.S. 2011, Section 1101, is 6 AMENDATORY amended to read as follows: 7 Section 1101. A. Except as otherwise provided by law, bail, by 8 9 sufficient sureties, shall be admitted upon all arrests in criminal 10 cases where the offense is not punishable by death and in such cases it may be taken by any of the persons or courts authorized by law to 11 12 arrest, to imprison offenders or to perform pretrial services, or by 13 the clerk of the district court or his or her deputy, or by the judge of such courts. 14 In criminal cases where the defendant is currently an 15 Β. escaped prisoner from the Department of Corrections, the defendant 16 must be processed back into the Department of Corrections prior to 17 bail being set on new criminal charges. 18 C. All persons shall be bailable by sufficient sureties, except 19 that bail may be denied for: 20 1. Capital offenses when the proof of quilt is evident  $\tau$  or the 21

presumption thereof is great. Such proof or presumption must be

23 supported by clear and convincing evidence;

24

Violent offenses <u>as defined in Section 571 of Title 57 of</u>
 <u>the Oklahoma Statutes;</u>

3 3. Offenses where the maximum sentence may be life imprisonment4 or life imprisonment without parole;

5 4. Felony offenses where the person charged with the offense
6 has been convicted of two or more felony offenses arising out of
7 different transactions; and

8 5. Controlled dangerous substances offenses where the maximum
9 sentence may be at least ten (10) years' imprisonment.

On all offenses specified in paragraphs 2 through 5 of this subsection, the proof of guilt must be evident, or the presumption must be great, <u>demonstrated by clear and convincing evidence</u>, and it must be on the grounds that no condition of release would assure <u>the</u> <u>person's return to court or</u> the safety of the community or any person, demonstrated by clear and convincing evidence.

There shall be a rebuttable presumption that no condition of 16 D. release would assure the safety of the community if the state shows 17 by clear and convincing evidence that the person was arrested for a 18 violation of Section 741 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes Bail 19 20 shall not be set in an amount higher than what the court determines is necessary to ensure the person's return to court, and it shall 21 not be set in an amount that results in the person's pretrial 22 detention. The court shall consider a person's ability to pay when 23 setting bail and shall set money bail only upon a finding that the 24

1 person has the present ability to pay the amount required for 2 release.

3	E. In any case in which the court denies bail, the court shall
4	make an individualized determination supported by clear and
5	convincing evidence on the record, supported by written findings of
6	fact, that proof of guilt is evident or the presumption is great,
7	and that no condition of release would assure the person's return to
8	court or the safety of the community or any person.
9	SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 22 O.S. 2011, Section 1105, is
10	amended to read as follows:
11	Section 1105. A. Except as otherwise provided by this section,
12	upon the allowance of bail and the execution of the requisite
13	recognizance, bond, or undertaking to the state, the magistrate,

judge, or court, shall, if the defendant is in custody, make and sign an order for discharge. The court, in its discretion, may prescribe by court rule the conditions under which the court clerk or deputy court clerk, or the sheriff or deputy sheriff, may prepare and execute an order of release on behalf of the court.

B. No police officer or sheriff may release a person arrested for a violation of an ex parte or final protective order as provided in Sections 60.2 and 60.3 of this title, or arrested for an act constituting domestic abuse as specified in Section 644 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes, or arrested for any act constituting domestic abuse, stalking or harassment as defined by Section 60.1 of

## Req. No. 1890

1 this title, or arrested for an act constituting domestic assault and 2 battery or domestic assault and battery with a deadly weapon pursuant to Section 644 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes, 3 without the violator appearing before a magistrate, judge or court. 4 5 To the extent that any of the following information is available to the court, the magistrate, judge or court shall consider, in 6 addition to any other circumstances, before determining bond and 7 other conditions of release as necessary for the protection of the 8 9 alleged victim, the following: 10 1. Whether the person has a history of domestic violence or a

11 history of other violent acts;

12 2. The mental health of the person;

Whether the person has a history of violating the protective
 orders of issued by any court or governmental entity;

4. Whether the person is potentially a poses a threat to any
other a specific person;

17 5. Whether the person has a history of abusing alcohol or any 18 controlled substance;

19 6. Whether the person has access to deadly weapons or a history
20 of using deadly weapons;

21 7. 6. The severity of the alleged violence that is the basis of 22 the alleged offense including, but not limited to:

23 a. the duration of the alleged violent incident,

1 whether the alleged violent incident involved serious b. 2 physical injury, 3 whether the alleged violent incident involved sexual с. assault, 4 5 d. whether the alleged violent incident involved strangulation, 6 7 whether the alleged violent incident involved abuse e. during the pregnancy of the alleged victim, 8 9 f. whether the alleged violent incident involved the abuse of pets, or 10 11 whether the alleged violent incident involved forcible q. 12 entry to gain access to the alleged victim; 8. 7. Whether a separation of the person from the alleged 13 victim or a termination of the relationship between the person and 14 15 the alleged victim has recently occurred or is pending; 9. 8. Whether the person has exhibited obsessive or controlling 16 behaviors toward the alleged victim including, but not limited to, 17 stalking, surveillance, or isolation of the alleged victim; 18 10. 9. Whether the person has expressed suicidal or homicidal 19 ideations; and 20 11. 10. Any information contained in the complaint and any 21 police reports, affidavits, or other documents accompanying the 22 complaint. 23 24

1 C. No police officer or sheriff may release a person arrested for any violation of subsection G of Section 2-401 of Title 63 of 2 3 the Oklahoma Statutes, without the violator appearing before a magistrate, judge, or court pursuant to Section 1105.2 of this 4 5 title. In determining bond and other conditions of release, the magistrate, judge, or court shall consider any evidence that the 6 person is in any manner dependent upon a controlled dangerous 7 substance or has a pattern of regular, illegal use of any controlled 8 9 dangerous substance, and may consider the recommendations of a 10 pretrial service provider pursuant to Section 1105.3 of this title. A rebuttable presumption that no conditions of release on bond would 11 12 assure the safety of the community or any person therein shall arise 13 if the state shows by clear and convincing evidence: 1. The person was arrested for a violation of subsection C of 14 Section 2-401 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes, relating to 15 16 manufacturing or attempting to manufacture a controlled dangerous 17 substance, or possessing any of the substances listed in subsection G of Section 2-401 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes with the 18 19 intent to manufacture a controlled dangerous substance; and 2. The person is in any manner dependent upon a controlled 20 dangerous substance or has a pattern of regular illegal use of a 21 controlled dangerous substance, and the violation referred to in 22 paragraph 1 of this subsection was committed or attempted in order 23

1 to maintain or facilitate the dependence or pattern of illegal use
2 in any manner.

22 O.S. 2011, Section 1105.2, as 3 SECTION 3. AMENDATORY amended by Section 1, Chapter 59, O.S.L. 2016 (22 O.S. Supp. 2018, 4 5 Section 1105.2), is amended to read as follows: Section 1105.2. A. Following an arrest for a misdemeanor or 6 7 felony offense and before formal charges have been filed or an indictment made, the arrested person may have bail set by the court 8 9 as provided in this act Section 1105.1 et seq. of this title; 10 provided there are no provisions of law to the contrary. 11 B. When formal charges or an indictment has been filed, bail 12 shall be set according to law and the pretrial bond, if any, may be reaffirmed unless additional security is required If not otherwise 13 released, the arrested person shall be taken without unnecessary 14 15 delay before the most accessible magistrate in that county for an 16 initial appearance, and formal charges shall be filed. In no case 17 shall the delay from arrest to initial appearance be more than forty-eight (48) hours, inclusive of weekends and holidays. 18 C. A hearing shall be held immediately upon the arrested 19 person's initial appearance before the magistrate unless the person 20 or the attorney for the state seeks a continuance. Except for good 21 cause, a continuance on motion of the person may not exceed five 22 23 business days, and a continuance on motion of the attorney for the state may not exceed three business days. At the hearing, the 24

Req. No. 1890

1	person shall have the right to be represented by counsel and, if
2	financially unable to obtain adequate representation, to have
3	counsel appointed.
4	D. The person shall be afforded an opportunity to testify, to
5	present witnesses, to cross-examine witnesses who appear at the
6	hearing and to present information by proffer or otherwise. The
7	rules concerning admissibility of evidence in criminal trials shall
8	not apply in such hearing.
9	E. In cases where the most serious offense with which the
10	arrested person is charged is not a violent felony as defined in
11	Section 571 of Title 57 of the Oklahoma Statutes, domestic assault
12	and battery as defined in Sections 644, 645 and 647 of Title 21 of
13	the Oklahoma Statutes, violation of a protective order as defined in
14	Section 60.6 of this title, stalking as defined in Section 1173 of
15	Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes, or felony offenses involving
16	escape or attempt to escape from lawful arrest or confinement as
17	defined in Sections 434, 436, 443 or 444 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma
18	Statutes, the court shall release the person pending trial on the
19	person's own recognizance unless the court finds on the record or in
20	writing one or more of the following:
21	1. The person's own recognizance will not reasonably assure the
22	person's return to court. In making a finding pursuant to this
23	paragraph, the court may consider any prior record of failing to
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1 appear as required in the court in the last two years, or any other 2 pending criminal case of the arrested person; 3 2. The person will obstruct or attempt to obstruct justice, or 4 threaten, injure or intimidate or attempt to threaten, injure or 5 intimidate a prospective witness or juror; 3. The person will engage in conduct that threatens the safety 6 7 of himself or herself or another person. F. The hearing may be reopened after an initial determination 8 9 by the court at any time before trial if the court finds that 10 information exists that: 1. Was not known to the person at the time of the hearing; and 11 12 2. Has a material bearing on whether there are conditions of release that will reasonably assure the appearance of the person as 13 required and the safety of any other person and the community. 14 15 G. In cases where a person is not released on his or her own 16 recognizance pursuant to subsection E of this section, the court 17 shall set appropriate conditions on the personal recognizance bond or shall set reasonable bail. In all cases, the court shall set the 18 least restrictive conditions necessary to reasonably assure the 19 20 appearance of the person. H. Every judicial district may, upon the order of the presiding 21 judge for the district, establish a pretrial bail schedule for use 22 by the sheriff or other operator of the detention facility to set 23 24 bail prior to the initial appearance of the person before a court

Req. No. 1890

1 for felony or misdemeanor offenses, except for traffic. Any such 2 pretrial bail schedule shall not apply to traffic offenses included in subsections B, C and D of Section 1115.3 of Title 22 of the 3 Oklahoma Statutes this title and those offenses specifically 4 5 excluded herein. The bail schedule established pursuant to the authority of this act shall exclude any offense for which bail is 6 not allowed by law. The bail schedule authorized by this act shall 7 be set in accordance with guidelines relating to bail and shall be, 8 9 published and reviewed by March 1 of each year by the courts and 10 district attorney of the judicial district, and displayed in the 11 public area of the jail.

12 C. I. The pretrial bail shall be set in a numerical dollar 13 amount. If the person fails to appear in court as required the 14 judge shall:

15 1. Rescind the bond and proceed to enter a judgment against the 16 defendant for the dollar amount of the pretrial bail if no private 17 bail was given at the time of release; provided, however, the court 18 clerk shall follow the procedures as set forth in Section 1301 et 19 seq. of Title 59 of the Oklahoma Statutes in collecting the 20 forfeiture amount against the person who fails to appear in court; 21 or

22 2. Rescind and forfeit the private bail if cash, property or
23 surety bail was furnished at the time of release as set forth in
24 Section 1301 et seq. of Title 59 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

## Req. No. 1890

D. J. When a pretrial program exists in the judicial district
 where the person is being held, the judge may utilize the services
 of the pretrial release program when ordering pretrial release,
 except when private bail has been furnished.

5 E. K. Upon an order for pretrial release or release on bond,
6 the person shall be released from custody without undue delay.

7 F. L. The court may require the person to be placed on an
8 electronic monitoring device as a condition of pretrial release.

9 G. M. In instances where an electronic monitoring device has
10 been ordered, the court may impose payment of a supervision fee.
11 Payment of the fee, in whole or according to a court-ordered
12 installment schedule, shall be a condition of pretrial release. The
13 court clerk shall collect the supervision fees.

SECTION 4. AMENDATORY 22 O.S. 2011, Section 1105.3, as last amended by Section 1, Chapter 2, O.S.L. 2018 (22 O.S. Supp. 2018, Section 1105.3), is amended to read as follows:

17 Section 1105.3. A. Any county pursuant to the provisions of 18 this act Section 1105 et seq. of this title may establish and fund a 19 pretrial program to be utilized by the district court in that 20 jurisdiction.

B. When a pretrial release program is established pursuant to this act <u>Section 1105.1 et seq. of this title</u> and private bail has not been furnished, the judge may order a person to be evaluated through the pretrial program. After conducting an evaluation of the

Req. No. 1890

1 person applying for pretrial release, the pretrial program shall make a recommendation to the court. The recommendation shall 2 indicate any special supervisory conditions for pretrial release. 3 The judge shall consider the recommendations and may grant or deny 4 5 pretrial release shall order the least restrictive conditions that will reasonably assure the person's return to court. The presiding 6 judge of the judicial district may issue a standing order outlining 7 criteria for cases that may automatically be evaluated for pretrial 8 9 release by a pretrial program operating in the jurisdiction. The 10 standing order may include amounts for bail and types of bonds 11 deemed appropriate for certain offenses.

C. Except as otherwise authorized by the provisions of this subsection, persons accused of or detained for any of the following offenses or conditions shall not be eligible for pretrial release by any pretrial program:

Aggravated driving under the influence of an intoxicating
 substance;

Any felony driving under the influence of an intoxicating
 substance;

20 3. Any offense prohibited by the Trafficking In Illegal Drugs21 Act;

4. Any person having a violent felony conviction within thepast ten (10) years;

24 5. Appeal bond;

Req. No. 1890

1	6.	Arson in the first degree, including attempts to commit
2	arson in	the first degree;
3	7.	Assault and battery on a police officer;
4	8.	Bail Felony bail jumping pursuant to paragraph 1 of Section
5	<u>1110 of</u>	this title;
6	9.	Bribery of a public official;
7	10.	Burglary in the first or second degree;
8	11.	Civil contempt proceedings;
9	12.	Distribution of a controlled dangerous substance, including
10	the sale	or possession of a controlled dangerous substance with
11	intent t	o distribute or conspiracy to distribute;
12	13.	Domestic abuse, domestic assault or domestic assault and
13	battery	with a dangerous weapon, or domestic assault and battery
14	with a d	eadly weapon;
15	14.	Driving under the influence of intoxicating substance where
16	property	damage or personal injury occurs;
17	15.	Felony discharging a firearm from a vehicle;
18	16.	Felony sex offenses;
19	17.	Fugitive bond or a governor's fugitive warrant;
20	18.	Immigration charges;
21	19.	Kidnapping;
22	20.	Juvenile or youthful offender detention;
23	21.	Manslaughter;
24	22.	Manufacture of a controlled dangerous substance;

1	23. Murder in the first degree, including attempts or
2	conspiracy to commit murder in the first degree;
3	24. Murder in the second degree, including attempts or
4	conspiracy to commit murder in the second degree;
5	25. Negligent homicide;
6	26. Out-of-county holds;
7	27. Persons currently on pretrial release who are arrested on a
8	new felony offense;
9	28. Possession, manufacture, use, sale or delivery of an
10	explosive device;
11	29. Possession of a controlled dangerous substance on Schedule
12	I or II of the Controlled Dangerous Substances Act;
13	30. Possession of a firearm or other offensive weapon during
14	the commission of a felony;
15	31. Possession of a stolen vehicle;
16	32. Rape in the first degree, including attempts to commit rape
17	in the first degree;
18	33. Rape in the second degree, including attempts to commit
19	rape in the second degree;
20	34. Robbery by force or fear;
21	35. Robbery with a firearm or dangerous weapon, including
22	attempts to commit robbery with a firearm or dangerous weapon;
23	36. Sexual assault or violent offenses against children;
24	37. Shooting with intent to kill;

Req. No. 1890

1 2 38. Stalking or violation of a Victim Protection Order;

39. Two or more prior felony convictions; or

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40. Unauthorized use of a motor vehicle.

A person not eligible for pretrial release pursuant to the 4 D. 5 provisions of subsection C of this section may be released upon order of a district judge, associate district judge or special judge 6 7 under conditions prescribed by the judge, which may include an order to require the defendant, as a condition of pretrial release, to use 8 9 or participate in any monitoring or testing including, but not 10 limited to, a Global Positioning System (GPS) monitoring device and urinalysis testing. The court may further order the defendant to 11 12 pay costs and expenses related to any supervision, monitoring or 13 testing.

E. Every pretrial services program operating pursuant to the provisions of this act <u>Section 1105.1 et seq. of this title</u> shall meet the following minimum criteria:

17 1. The program shall establish a procedure for screening and 18 evaluating persons who are detained or have been arrested for the 19 alleged commission of a crime. The program shall obtain criminal 20 history records on detained persons through the National Crime 21 Information Center (NCIC). The information obtained from the 22 screening and evaluation process must be submitted in a written 23 report without unnecessary delay to the judge who is assigned to

1 hear pretrial release applications when the person is eligible for 2 pretrial release;

2. The program shall provide reliable information to the judge
relating to the person applying for pretrial release so a reasonable
decision can be made concerning the amount and type of bail
appropriate for pretrial release. The information provided shall be
based upon facts relating to the person's risk of danger to the
community and the risk of failure to appear for court; and

9 3. The program shall make all reasonable attempts to provide
10 the court with information appropriate to each person considered for
11 pretrial release.

F. A pretrial program established pursuant to this act Section 12 1105.1 et seq. of this title may provide different methods and 13 levels of community-based supervision to meet any court-ordered 14 15 conditions of release. The program may use existing supervision methods for persons who are released prior to trial. Pretrial 16 programs which employ peace officers certified by the Council on Law 17 Enforcement Education and Training (CLEET) are authorized to enforce 18 court-ordered conditions of release. 19

G. Each pretrial program established pursuant to this act <u>Section 1105.1 et seq. of this title</u> shall provide a quarterly report to the presiding judge of the judicial district of the jurisdiction in which it operates. A copy of the report shall be filed of record with the court clerk of the jurisdiction. Each

Req. No. 1890

1 report shall include, but is not limited to, the following
2 information:

3 1. The total number of persons screened, evaluated or otherwise4 considered for pretrial release;

5 2. The total number and nature of recommendations made;
6 3. The number of persons admitted to pretrial release that
7 failed to appear; and

8 4. Any other information deemed appropriate by the reporting9 judicial district or that the program desires to report.

H. Every pretrial release program established pursuant to this
section shall utilize the services of local providers; provided,
however, any program in continuous existence since July 1, 1999,
shall be exempt from the provisions of this subsection.

14 SECTION 5. AMENDATORY 22 O.S. 2011, Section 1106, is 15 amended to read as follows:

16 Section 1106. A deposit of the sum of money mentioned in the 17 <u>any</u> order admitting to bail <u>with financial conditions</u> is equivalent 18 to bail and upon such deposit the defendant must be discharged from 19 custody.

20 SECTION 6. AMENDATORY 22 O.S. 2011, Section 1108.1, is 21 amended to read as follows:

Section 1108.1. A. Own recognizance bonds set in a penal amount ordered by the court pursuant to subsection E of Section 1105.2 of this title shall be posted by executing an own

Req. No. 1890

recognizance indenture contract which shall be executed and maintained by the district court clerk. The indenture shall constitute an inchoate obligation to pay in the event forfeiture proceedings are commenced and result in a final order of forfeiture by the authorizing and issuing judge of the district court.

Setting aside of forfeitures shall be governed by the same 6 в. 7 rules and procedures applicable to cash, property or surety bonds, provided that if the forfeiture is set aside, the district court 8 9 shall exempt from forfeiture set aside all reasonable costs of 10 recovery to return the defendant to custody, and an administrative 11 fee to be retained by the court fund in a sum not to exceed ten 12 percent (10%) of the total penal bond amount plus all costs incurred in processing the forfeiture proceeding to include costs of notices, 13 warrants, service and execution. 14

C. The final judgment of forfeiture shall constitute a judgment 15 enforceable through all procedures available for the collection of a 16 civil judgment, provided that the judgment shall be considered a 17 debt in the nature of defalcation as defined by the United States 18 Bankruptcy Code, and shall not be subject to other forms of debtor 19 relief. The judgment shall be subject to collection as costs in the 20 underlying action regardless of final disposition or determination 21 of quilt. 22

D. The district attorney or the Administrator of the District
 Court Cost Collection Division as determined by administration order

## Req. No. 1890

in each judicial district shall initiate the forfeiture action and collection of forfeitures and shall receive one-third (1/3) of all sums collected from the ten percent (10%) premium, not to include costs as defined in subsection B of this section, to offset the costs of administering the program.

E. This section does not apply to traffic or wildlife cases.
SECTION 7. AMENDATORY 22 O.S. 2011, Section 1109, is
amended to read as follows:

9 Section 1109. When proof is made to any court, judge or other magistrate having authority to commit on criminal charges, that a 10 11 person previously admitted to bail on any such charge is about to 12 abscond, or that his bail is insufficient, or has removed from the state, the judge or magistrate shall require such person to give 13 better security, or for default thereof cause him or her to be 14 15 committed to prison; and an order for his the person's arrest may be endorsed on the former commitment, or a new warrant therefor may be 16 issued by such judge or magistrate, setting forth the cause thereof. 17 SECTION 8. AMENDATORY 22 O.S. 2011, Section 1110, is 18 amended to read as follows: 19

20 Section 1110. Whoever, having been admitted to bail or released 21 on recognizance, bond, or undertaking for appearance before any 22 magistrate or court of the State of Oklahoma this state, incurs a 23 forfeiture of the bail or violates such undertaking or recognizance 24 and willfully fails to surrender himself within five (5) thirty (30)

Req. No. 1890

1 days following the date of such forfeiture shall, if be subject to 2 the following penalties:

3	<u>1. If</u> the bail was given or undertaking or recognizance
4	extended in connection with a charge of <u>a violent</u> felony <u>as defined</u>
5	in Section 571 of Title 57 of the Oklahoma Statutes or pending
6	appeal or certiorari after conviction of any such offense, be guilty
7	of a felony and shall be fined not more than One Thousand Dollars
8	(\$1,000.00) or imprisoned not more than one (1) year, or both <u>; or</u>
9	2. If the bail was given or undertaking or recognizance
10	extended in connection with a charge of a crime other than a violent
11	felony as defined in Section 571 of Title 57 of the Oklahoma
12	Statutes or pending appeal or certiorari after conviction of any
13	such offense, be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined not more
14	than Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) or imprisoned not more than six
15	(6) months, or both.
16	Nothing in this section shall be construed to interfere with or
17	prevent the exercise by any court of its power to punish for
18	contempt.
19	SECTION 9. AMENDATORY 59 O.S. 2011, Section 1334, is
20	amended to read as follows:
21	Section 1334. A. Any person in custody before a court or
22	magistrate of the State of Oklahoma this state subject to discretion
23	of the court may be admitted to bail on his <u>or her</u> personal
24	recognizance subject to such conditions as the court or magistrate

Req. No. 1890

1 may reasonably prescribe to assure his appearance when required <u>in</u>
2 <u>accordance with the requirements of Chapter 19 of Title 22 of the</u>
3 Oklahoma Statutes.

B. When a person is admitted to bail on his <u>or her</u> personal
recognizance, the court or magistrate may determine an amount of
money, property, or securities which shall be paid or forfeited as a
penalty by the defendant for failure to comply with the terms of his
<u>or her</u> admission to bail on personal recognizance. This penalty
shall be in addition to the penalties provided for in Section 1335
of this title.

11 C. Any person admitted to bail as herein provided shall be 12 fully appraised by the court or magistrate of the penalties provided 13 for failure to comply with the terms of his <u>or her</u> recognizance and, 14 upon a failure of compliance, a warrant for the arrest of such 15 person shall be issued forthwith.

16 SECTION 10. AMENDATORY 59 O.S. 2011, Section 1335, is 17 amended to read as follows:

18 Section 1335. Whoever, having been admitted to bail for 19 appearance before any district court in the State of Oklahoma, (1) 20 <u>this state</u> incurs a forfeiture of the bail and willfully fails to 21 surrender himself <u>or herself</u> within thirty (30) days following the 22 date of such forfeiture, or <del>(2)</del> willfully fails to comply with the 23 terms of his <u>or her</u> personal recognizance, shall be <u>subject to the</u> 24 following penalties:

Req. No. 1890

1	1. If the underlying offense for which the defendant was
2	admitted to bail was a violent felony as defined in Section 571 of
3	Title 57 of the Oklahoma Statutes, he or she shall be guilty of a
4	felony and shall be fined not more than Five Thousand Dollars
5	(\$5,000.00) or imprisoned not more than <del>two (2) years</del> <u>one (1) year</u> ,
6	or both <u>; or</u>
7	2. If the underlying offense for which the defendant was
8	admitted to bail was a crime other than a violent felony as defined
9	in Section 571 of Title 57 of the Oklahoma Statutes, he or she shall
10	be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined not more than Five
11	Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) or imprisoned not more than six (6)
12	months, or both.
13	SECTION 11. This act shall become effective November 1, 2019.
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